

CENTRAL INTELLIGENCE AGENCY WASHINGTON 25, D. C.

28 July 1950 .

MEHORANDUM

SUBJECT: The Korean Situation and the plant of the country 1922

I. Hilitary Situation.

Enemy forces have continued heavy pressure in all sectors, and have made advances northeast of Hodang in the southern area and in the vicinity of Ongohon in the east sector. Borth Korean forces have infiltrated in the areas of Kwan and Punghang. The enemy is apparently trying to envelope the UN forces in the west and south coastal areas and in the east sector. Hearthile, indications increase that substantial reserves are available to the Borth Koreans.

The Fourth Forth Korean Division has advanced four miles northesset of Radong towards Chinju, in the southern area, after repulsing an attack by elements of the US Twenty-Fourth Infantry Division, which has withdrawn to the vicinity of Chinju. Enemy forces, estimated to be a battalion, have occupied the southern port of Iosu.

Along the Taejon-Kumebon axis in the west sector, the Second and Third Forth Korean Divisions have made slight gains near Kwanggan. In the same sector, an estimated 200 enemy troops have infiltrated into the area near Kwan.

A second northern penetration occurred in the east sector two miles east of Pong-Hwang Hountain, where three enemy tanks and an unknown number of troops have been reported, mobally elements of the Fifteenth North Korean Division. Along the front north of Hamchang, UN forces have prevented advances against enemy pressure. An attack by a regiment of the Seventh North Korean Division, however, has forced the Righth RCK Division to withdraw in the vicinity of Ongchon.

South of Yongdok, on the east coast, an enemy counter-attack against South Korean and US forces has made no advance.

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In addition to the reported, but still unconfirmed, existence of a Ninth North Korean Division in the Chungju-lungyong area, a junior officer prisoner of war states that five additional northern divisions may have been formed. Additional reserves may be available from the North Korean Border Constabulary, and unconfirmed reports indicate that the Third Border Constabulary Brigade is in reserve in Ongjin. Recruits, estimated to mmbor 2500, were reportedly sent to the combat areas after three days' training near Secul. Another report states that the North Noreans are planning to conscript 50,000 unmarried women in the occupied areas of South Norea for duty with the North Norean forces.

II. Other Developments.

The South Korean Mational Assembly has convened officially for the first time since leaving Seoul. Approximately 132 of the 210 members met in Taegu and heard President Rhee and Assembly Speaker Shin declare their confidence not only in a Un victory and return of the government to Seoul, but also in the abdishment of the 38th Parallel and the complete unification of the fatherland. At the same time, Radio Pyongyang broadcast an appeal allegedly adopted by 18 nambers of National Assembly in occupied Seoul asking the Assemblymen in Taegu to withdraw their support of Rhee and come over to the side of the "people."

Foreign correspondents of the Communist press of France, England, and China are present in North Korea and are inspecting the "character" of US bombing of the Northl They report that the Americans are bombing from "above the clouds" and clearly engaging in "terror bombing designed to kill the peaceful inhabitants." The correspondents are obviously in Korea to provide mate ial to support the general Communist line that the US is the aggressor against Asiatic peoples.

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